

Allocating Marginal Income

We are interested in estimating how state income tax and charitable contribution would change accordingly with extra dollar being added to a person's income, or, more specifically, a person's wage/capital gain. The estimates are obtained from some simple regressions on 09 puf data, and will be applied immediately to units in year 2015/2016, with the assumption that people's behavior won't change over time.

State&Local Taxes

(1) **Data:**

To investigate the relationship between State&Local taxes and wage/capital gain, the 09 puf data were firstly filtered by the following criteria:

- (a) $e00100 > 0$
- (b) $e18400 > 0$
- (c) $FDED = 1$

Let \mathcal{F} be the filtered data. After that, \mathcal{F} was further divided into four subgroups, based on four different categories of MARS, namely \mathcal{F}_1 , \mathcal{F}_2 , \mathcal{F}_3 and \mathcal{F}_4 .

(2) **Models:**

For each \mathcal{F}_i ($1 \leq i \leq 4$), we fit

$$e18400 \approx \alpha_i * e00200 + \beta_i * e01000 + \gamma_i,$$

and each pair (α_i, β_i) are used as estimates.

Alternative :

Instead of subsetting and filtering the data, we could also fit the entire data with indicator terms like $\mathbb{1}_{\{MARS = i\}} * e00200$ and $\mathbb{1}_{\{MARS = i\}} * e01000$ for each i . I'm, however, not sure about whether we should take this approach.

Charitable Contribution:

(1) **Data:**

Similar above, the entire data are filtered under the following criteria:

- (a) $e00100 > 0$
- (b) $e19700 > 0$
- (c) $FDED = 1$

(2) **Models:**

For charitable contribution, wage and capital gain are dealt with separately:

$$e19700 \approx \alpha_1 * e00200 + \beta_1,$$

$$e19700 \approx \alpha_2 * e01000 + \beta_2,$$

and α_1 and α_2 are used as estimates.